

HEMPEL PAINTS (KUWAIT) K.S.C.C.

P.C. BOX 3430 SAF4T, 19034 KLMANT & MAIL, Gales, As Principles crim
TEL (1965) 24843306 (1965) 1808 828 WEBSITE http://www.nempel.com/bn
FAX (1965) 24843307 Comm. Reg. No. 4948 AUTHORISED AND FULLY PAID SHARE CAPITAL KWD 600 000

سريكن إحساق هميل الكنويت شريري

س به ۱۳۶۰ تنسید 1303 تکریت به انشون saies به ۱303 تکریت به انشون saies به ۱۵۵۸ تکریت به انشون انتخاب است. انتخاب انتخاب

ر بين المال المصرح به والمدهوم ١٠٠٠ - ٦ دينار كويشي

BATCH CERTIFICATE

Quality Code:

99330

Color Code:

00000

Batch Number:

812020668

Product Name:

HEMPEL'S NAVI WASH

Production Date:

Feb-2012

Best before:

Feb-2015

QUALITY CONTROL RESULTS

Test Characteristics(Test Method)	Measured	Specification			
	Value	Minimum	Maximum		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY, G/ML	0.930	0.925	0.935		
COLOUR GARDNER	3		2		
PH (METER)	9	8.5	9.5		

HEMPEL Quality Control Laboratory Approved

Date: 22/04/2012

This is a computer generated document and does not bear stamp or signature

This is to certify that the above material has been manufactured, tested and approved according to procedures given in Hempel Quality Management System approved under ISO9001:2008; and that it complies with the specifications and approval criteria for the product in question.



KUWAIT







HEMPEL'S NAVI WASH 99330

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

+45 45 93 38 00 (08.00 - 17.00)

See section 4 First aid measures.

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II. - Europe

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name:

HEMPEL'S NAVI WASH 99330

Product identity:

9933000000

Product type:

cleaner

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application:

buildings and metal industry. ships and shipyards.

Identified uses:

Industrial applications, Used by spraying.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details:

HEMPEL A/S

Lundtoftevej 150 DK-2800 Kgs. Lyngby

Denmark

Tel.: + 45 45 93 38 00

hempel@hempel.com

Date of issue :

5 April 2012

Date of previous issue:

5 January 2012.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition:

Mixture

Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification:

R10

Xn; R20 Xi; R36/37/38 N; R51/53

Physical/chemical hazards:

Flammable.

Human health hazards:

Harmful by inhalation. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

Environmental hazards:

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard symbol or symbols:



Indication of danger:

Harmful, Dangerous for the environment

Risk phrases:

R10- Flammable.

R20- Harmful by inhalation.

R36/37/38- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Safety phrases:

S23- Do not breathe vapor or spray. S51- Use only in well-ventilated areas. solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

Hazardous ingredients: Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-

Not applicable.

resistant fastenings:

Tactile warning of danger:

Not applicable.



SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard within the meaning of the Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC or assigned an occupational exposure limit or PBT or vPvB.

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	67/548/EEC	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	EC: 265-199-0 CAS: *64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	25-35	Xn; R20, R65 Xi; R36/37/38 N; R51/53	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY INHALATION - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE): INHALATION [Respiratory tract irritation] - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2	[1][2]
2-butoxyethanol	EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0	7-10	Xn; R20/21/22 Xi; R36/38	ACUTE TOXICITY: ORAL - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY: SKIN - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY: INHALATION - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2	[1][2]
N,N,N-trimethyl-9-octadecen- 1-aminium chloride	EC: 233-938-6 CAS: 10450-69-8	3-5	Xn; R22 C; R34	ACUTE TOXICITY: ORAL - Calegory 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	[1]
di (coco alkyl) dimethyl ammonium chlorides	EC: 263-087-6 CAS: 61789-77-3	1-3	Xn; R22 C; R34 See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above.	ACUTE TOXICITY: ORAL - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit, see section 8.
 [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Ingredient name (EU Detergents Regulation)	CAS no.	%	Class of constituent
water	7732-18-5	10% or more	
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	10% or more	aromatic hydrocarbons
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	10% or more	
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	1% or over, but less than 10%	
ethoxylated c11-14-iso-alcohols (c13-rich)	78330-21-9	1% or over, but less than 10%	non-ionic surfactants
N,N,N-trimethyl-9-octadecen-1-aminium chloride	10450-69-8	1% or over, but less than 10%	
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	1% or over, but less than 10%	
di (coco alkyl) dimethyl ammonium chlorides	61789-77-3	1% or over, but less than 10%	cationic surfactants
branched alphatridecylomegahydroxy-poly(oxy- 1,2-ethanediyl)	69011-36-5	1% or over, but less than 10%	non-ionic surfactants
isotridecanol	27458-92-0	1% or over, but less than 10%	
xylene	1330-20-7	0,1% or over, but less than 1%	aromatic hydrocarbons
1-ethyl-2-methylbenzene	611-14-3	0,1% or over, but less than 1%	No. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10
sopropanol	67-63-0	0,1% or over, but less than 1%	1
Cumen	98-82-8	0,1% or over, but less than 1%	
chlorine	Sec. (*7782-50- 5)	0,1% or over, but less than 1%	
nitrogen	Sec. (7727-37-9)	0,1% or over, but less than 1%	
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	less than 0,1%	aromatic hydrocarbons
ammonia solution (as NH3)	1336-21-6	less than 0,1%	1

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General:

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth

Eye contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if

respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Give nothing by

mouth. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use

recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.





SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion:

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to

the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact:

Irritating to eyes.

Inhalation:

Harmful by inhalation. Irritating to respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause

a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact:

Irritating to skin.

Ingestion:

Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact:

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation watering redness

Inhalation:

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact:

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion:

No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician:

If gasses have been inhaled, from the decomposition of the product, symptoms may be delayed.

Specific treatments:

No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media:

Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO2, powders, water spray.

Not to be used: waterjet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture :

or

Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with

the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous combustion products:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.



SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid all direct contact with the spilled material. Exclude sources of ignition and be aware of explosion hazard. Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapors in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should be used only in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. To dissipate static electricity during transfer, ground drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations for flammable liquids. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values			
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2001). TWA: 120 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: TWA: 25 ppm 8 hour(s). Form:			
2-butoxyethanol	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 246 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 50 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 98 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hour(s).			

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to European Standard EN 689 for methods for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents and national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances.

Derived effect levels





SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

No DELs available.

Predicted effect concentrations

No PECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Arrange sufficient ventilation by local exhaust ventilation and good general ventilation to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors or dust lowest possible and below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Individual protection measures

General:

Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.

Hygiene measures:

Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking,

using lavatory, and at the end of day.

Eye/face protection:

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates

this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Hand protection:

Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. The quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific

workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.

Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the

appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice:

May be used: nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, butyl rubber, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl chloride

(PVC)

Recommended: Silver Shield / 4H gloves, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®

Body protection:

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and

the risks involved handling this product.

Wear suitable protective clothing. Always wear protective clothing when spraying.

Respiratory protection:

If working areas have insufficient ventilation: When the product is applied by means that will not generate an aerosol such as, brush or roller wear half or totally covering mask equipped with gas filter of type A, when grinding use particle filter of type P. When the product is applied by spraying and for continuous or prolonged work always wear an air-fed respirator e.g. hood with supply of fresh or compressed air or a full face, powered air purifying filter. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:

Liquid.

Odor:

Solvent-like

pH:

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Melting point/freezing point : Boiling point/boiling range :

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

0°C This is based on data for the following ingredient: water

Flash point:

Closed cup: 32°C (89.6°F)

Evaporation rate:

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Flammability:

Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static

discharge, heat and oxidizing materials.

Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: reducing materials.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits:

0.5 - 12.7 vol %

Vapor pressure : Vapor density :

3.17 kPa This is based on data for the following ingredient: water Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Relative density :

0.93 g/cm³





SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Solubility(ies): Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient (LogKow): Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Auto-ignition temperature : Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Decomposition temperature: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Viscosity: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Explosive properties: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Oxidizing properties: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

9.2 Other information

Solvent(s) % by weight: Weighted average: 43 %

Water % by weight : Weighted average: 40 %

VOC content: 396.8 g/l

TOC Content: Weighted average: 291 g/l
Solvent Gas: Weighted average: 0.083 m³/l

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headaches, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Accidental swallowing may cause stomach pain. Chemical lung inflammation may occur if the product is taken into the lungs via vomiting.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
aroni.	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
2-butoxyethanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas. LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	450 ppm 220 mg/kg 250 mg/kg	4 hours

Acute toxicity estimates





SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Route	ATE value		
Oral	1871.3 mg/kg		
Dermal	2206.6 mg/kg		
Inhalation (gases)	4513.5 ppm		
Inhalation (vapors)	34.48 mg/l		

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters
2-butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential chronic health effects

Other information:

No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Acute EC50 19 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.14 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9.22 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	96 hours
2-butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >500 mg/l	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Chaetogammarus marinus - Young - 5 mm	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 ug/L Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina - 40 - 100 mm	96 hours

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
-	32 % - 5 da	ys			-
Aquatic half-l	ife	Photolysis		Biodegra	adability
-		w)		Readily	
	-	- >70 % - Re	- >70 % - Readily - 28 days - 32 % - 5 days - 32 % - 28 days	- >70 % - Readily - 28 days - - 32 % - 5 days 756 mg/kg 2379000 m	- >70 % - Readily - 28 days - - 32 % - 5 days 756 mg/kg BODs 2379000 mg/kg COD Aquatic half-life Photolysis Biodegra

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-butoxyethanol	0.83	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

2-butoxyethanol

Soil/water partition coefficient

No known data avaliable in our database.

(Koc):

Mobility: No known data avaliable in our database.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT:

Not applicable.

vPvB:

Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Date of issue: April 2012

HEMPEL Safety Data Sheet

Inherent



SECTION 12: Ecological information

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.

Residues of the product is listed as hazardous waste. Dispose of according to all state and local applicable regulations.

Spillage, remains, discarded clothes and similar should be discarded in a fireproof container.

European waste catalogue no. (EWC) is given below.

European waste catalogue (EWC): 08 01 11*

Packaging

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport may take place according to national regulation or ADR for transport by road, RID for transport by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for transport by air.

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

	14.1 UN no.	14.2 Proper shipping name	14.3 Transport haza	ard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env*	Additional information
ADR/RID Class	UN1263	PAINT PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	³	*2	Ш	Yes.	Special provisions 640 (E)
							Tunnel code (D/E)
IMDG Class	UN1263	PAINT PAINT RELATED MATERIAL. (solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)	³	12	Ш	Yes.	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-E, S-E
IATA Class	UN1263	PAINT PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	3	¥2)	Ш	Yes.	-

PG*: Packing group

Env.*: Environmental hazards

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not available.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization - Substances of very high concern None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

Seveso category:

9.11

Detergents - Regulation (EC) No 907/2006

Contains (EU Detergents Regulation):

15% or over but less than 30%: aromatic hydrocarbons. 5% or over but less than 15%: non-ionic surfactants. less than 5%: cationic surfactants.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.





SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

Full text of abbreviated R phrases :

R10- Flammable.

R20- Harmful by inhalation. R22- Harmful if swallowed.

R20/21/22- Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R34- Causes burns.

R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin.

R36/37/38- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD]: C - Corrosive

Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant

N - Dangerous for the environment

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Hazard pictograms:









Signal word:

Danger

Hazard statements:

Flammable liquid and vapor.

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY: ORAL - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY: INHALATION - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE): INHALATION [Respiratory tract irritation] - Category 3 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method	

Notice to reader

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and EU and national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects for handling the product in a safe way and should not be construed as any guarantee of the technical preformance or suitability for particular applications.

It is always the duty of the user/employer to ascertain that the work is planned and carried out in accordance with the national regulations.