## The Great Multitasking Lie

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DEBUNKING THE MYTHS OF CELL PHONE DISTRACTED DRIVING
Most people may know that texting while driving is a dangerous behavior，but many don＇t fully gras the idea that having cell phone conversations in the car is also risky．Below，the National Safety Council helps dispel the illusion of multitasking and the myths that blind the public into believing ．

Consider This
It＇s no mystery：Americans today have an unhealthy obsession with their cell phones

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A 2012 survey conducted by the AAA Foundatio three drivers report talking on their cell phone while driving at least once in the past 30 days．


Nearly one in three say they did this ＂fairly often＂or＂regularly，＂


In addition，the National Safety Council currently estimates that people talking on cell phones while driving are involved in $\mathbf{2 1 \% *}$ of all traffic crashes in the United States

The average cost of a p
damage crash in 2011：
\＄9，100

## Myth vs．Reality

Myth \＃1 Drivers can multitask．
Reality Contrary to popular belief，the human brain cannot multitask．Driving and talking on a cell phone are two thinking tasks that involve many areas of the brain．Instead of processing both simultaneously，the brain rapidly switches between two cognitive activities．
Take the classic example of the act of walking and chewing gum．There is a common just as easily talk on their cell phones and drive safely at the same time．


The truth is that walking and chewing walking and che
um involve a thinking task and non－thinking task．


Conversation and driving are both thinking tasks．

Myth \＃2 Talking to someone on a cell phone is no different than talking to someone in the car．

Reality
A 2008 study cited by the University of Utah found that drivers distracted by cell phones are more oblivious to changing traffic conditions because they are the only ones in the conversation who are aware of the road


in contrast，drivers with adult passengers their cars have an extra set of eyes and ears to help keep the drivers alert of oncoming traffic problems．Adult passengers challenging．People on the other end of a driver＇s cell phone cannot do that

Myth \＃3 Hands－free devices eliminate the danger of cell phone use during driving．

Reality Whether handheld or hands－free，cell phone conversations while driving are risk because the distraction to the brain remains

Activity in the parietal lobe，the area of the brain that processes movement of visual mages and is important for safe driving，decreases by as much as $37 \%$ when listening to language，according to a study by Carnegie Mellon University．


Drivers talking on cell phones can miss seeing up to $50 \%$ of their driving environments，including pedestrians and red lights．They look but they known as＂inattention blindness．＂

Myth \＃4 Drivers talking on cell phones still have a quicker reaction time than those who are driving under the influence． A cers using cell phones had slower reaction times than drivers with a .08 blood alcohol content，the legal intoxication limit．


86 There is a simple solution－drivers talking on cell phones can immediately eliminate their risk by hanging up the phone，
while drunk drivers remain at risk until they sober up．

